



## रिफाइनरीज़ प्रभाग

То

**Refineries Divison** 

#### Ref : HR/HSE/EMS/2017-18(1)

#### इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड

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Date:01/06/2017

The Joint Director(S) Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF), Eastern Regional Office A/3 CHANDRASEKHARPUR, P.O. Rail Vihar Bhubaneshwar – 751023

## Sub: <u>Status on conditions stipulated under Environmental Clearance for existing</u> <u>Projects from 1<sup>st</sup> Oct-2016 to 31<sup>st</sup> Mar-2017</u>

Dear Sir,

We enclose herewith the half yearly compliance status report on EC conditions given by MoE&F for the following existing projects at Haldia Refinery:

- 1) Environmental Clearance of Lube oil Block
- 2) Installation of Diesel Hydro desulphurisation unit at Crude processing level for 4.6 MTPA at Haldia refinery at IOC
- 3) Fluidised Catalytic Cracking unit (FCCU) at Haldia Refinery of IOC- ENV Clearance
- 2nd Vacuum Distillation Unit (capacity 2 MMTPA) and Catalytic ISO dewaxing unit (capacity 0.2 MMTPA) at 7.5 MMTPA Crude processing level at Haldia Refinery by M/S IOCL at village Haldia, District Midnapore, WB- EC reg.
- 5) Installation of facilities for improvement of HSD Quality and Distillate Yield (OHCU) and MS Quality Improvement (MSQI) at Haldia Refinery, IOCL, Midnapore,WB
- 6) 3rd Gas turbine (GT-3) with heat recovery steam generation (HRSG) at Haldia refinery by
   M/S IOCL- EC reg
- 7) Installation of Delayed Coking unit (DCU) at Haldia refinery Haldia WB by IOCL- EC( Now clubbed to DYIP project)
- Capacity expansion from 7.5 MMTPA to 8.0 MMTPA along with Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) and Feed Processing Unit (FPU) at IOCL Haldia Refinery, Purba Medinipur, WB - EC reg

पंजीकृत कार्यालय : जी-9, अली यावर जंग मार्ग, बान्द्रा (पूर्व) मुंबई, महाराष्ट्र - 400 051 Regd. Office : G-9, Ali Yavar Jung Marg, Bandra (East), Mumbai, Maharastra - 400 051 CIN - L 23201 MH 1959 GOI 011388 We are also enclosing Annexure-1 to Annexure-8 as Environmental Quality Monitoring data here with this report.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,

For & on behalf of Indian Oil Corporation Ltd. Haldia Refinery

01/0/2012

(P S Goswami) Deputy General Manager (HSE)

Encl: Half yearly compliance status report on Environment Clearance conditions



## Indian Oil Corporation Limited

## Haldia Refinery

Report On

Six Monthly Compliance Status on Conditions Stipulated under Environmental Clearance for existing Projects at Haldia Refinery

## Status as on 1<sup>st</sup> June, 2017

ISO 9001:2008/14001:2004/OHSAS 18001:2007 Reg. No.: RI91/9022



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2	J.11011/39/96- IA II (I) Date 18-Dec-96	Installation of Diesel Hydro desulphurisation unit at Crude processing level for 4.6 MTPA at Haldia refinery at IOC	Now in operation	5-6
3	J.11011/99/96-IA II (I) Date 1-Oct-97	Fluidised Catalytic Cracking unit (FCCU) at Haldia Refinery of IOC- ENV Clearance	Now in operation	7
4	J. 11011/28/20000-IA II Date 21-Aug-00	2nd Vacuum Distillation Unit (capacity 2 MMTPA) and Catalytic ISO dewaxing unit (capacity 0.2 MMTPA) at 7.5 MMTPA Crude processing level at Haldia Refinery by M/S IOCL at village Haldia , District Midnapore, WB- EC reg.	Now in operation	8-11
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6	J-13011/14/2006-IA II (T) Date 5-Jan-07	3rd Gas turbine ( GT-3) with heat recovery steam generation (HRSG) at Haldia refinery by M/S IOCL- EC reg	Now in operation	15-17
7	J-11011/904/2007-IA II (I) Date 17-Mar-09	Installation of Delayed Coking unit (DCU) at Haldia refinery Haldia WB by IOCL- EC.	Applied to MoEF & CC for extension of EC validity before expiry. As per directives, DCU project was clubbed with the next project. Name of 'DCU' project was later changed as Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP).	18
8	J-11011/299/2013-IA II(I) Date 4-Mar-16	Capacity expansion from 7.5 MMTPA to 8.0 MMTPA along with Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) and Feed Processing Unit (FPU) at IOCL Haldia Refinery, Purba Medinipur, WB - EC reg	As on 1st June 2017, FPU Project is commissioned. DYIP and Capacity extension project expected to be commissioned in 2018.	18

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## Haldia Refinery

## SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

## 1.0 EC Reference No.: J11011/34/88-IA Dated 16<sup>th</sup> MARCH, 1989

#### Status of Conditions Imposed With Respect To Environmental Clearance For Lube Oil Block at Haldia Refinery

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOEF & CC	STATUS
i)	The project proponent must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by West Bengal Pollution Control Board.	Haldia Refinery has been adhering to the stipulations made by the West Bengal Pollution Control Board and submitting necessary compliance Reports as per schedule.
<b>ii)</b>	The project authority will explore the possibility of either increasing the stack height or sulphur recovery or desulphurisation of flue gases or use of LSHS to achieve total amount emission of $SO_2$ at 1.5 tonnes / hour. The quarterly report of the progress in this regard should be submitted to this Ministry till the installation of the unit. Efforts being made to obtain the necessary approvals should be clearly indicated.	Low sulphur fuel gas & fuel oil are used in heaters. Sulphur Recovery Units installed & commissioned in April / May'94. The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. Online monitoring system and uplinking of data to CPCB server have been completed. The average SO2 emission from all Process Units heater stacks during 2016-17 was 767 kg/hr.
<b>iii)</b>	Air quality monitoring network design should be made on the basis of model exercise and submitted to this Department within three months for review. A minimum of three air quality monitoring stations should be set up.	The ambient air quality within refinery is monitored twice every week at 5 nos locations. Also a Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station (CAAQMS) is provided near the Refinery battery gate whose data is linked and transmitted to CPCB and WBPCB server. Six-monthly ambient air quality monitored data is being submitted to the MoEF&CC Regional Office. Refer <b>Annexure-1</b> for six months data.
iv)	All the stacks should be provided with continuous stack monitoring facilities. The data should be furnished quarterly to State Pollution Control Board and half yearly to this Ministry.	Continuous stack monitoring facilities with SO2, PM10, NOx and CO analyzers are installed to the furnaces having > 10 MM Kcal /Hr heat duty which is linked to CPCB server. West Bengal Pollution Control Board checks the stacks emission on quarterly basis.

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SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MoE&F	STATUS
v)	The project authority should prepare a plan for implementation of disposal of solid waste	Plan for disposal of solid waste submitted and Hazardous waste Authorization obtained from WBPCB. WBPCE
	generated during various process operations or in the treatment plant	periodically visits the site for verification Yearly Haz. Waste return is submitted to
	provided. They should ensure that no leaching of pollutants like sulphides take	WBPCB in the month of June every year.
	place from the solid wastes. The plan for disposal and management of solid wastes	
	should be submitted to the competent authority for scrutiny and approval within six months.	
vi)	No change in design of stack should be made without the prior approval of State Pollution Control Board. Alternate pollution	No change in design of stack has beer made.
	control system and/or proper design (steam injection system) of the stack should be	The emissions from stacks are within the stipulated limits.
	made to minimize hydrocarbon emission due to failure in the flare system in the plant.	
vii)	Additional area under the control of project which is not being used for the plant utilities should be afforested and funds for this	Space has been earmarked in the newly acquired land for Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) fo
	purpose should be suitably provided.	development of green belt.
	Tree plantation programme in the plant	Haldia refinery has so far planted more
viii)	premises and in the periphery of the plant should be undertaken in consultation with State Forest Department. Plant species which are sensitive as well as resistant to sulphur-dioxide emissions should be chosen	than 55,000 saplings in and around Refinery which have flourished and maintained greenery as well as eco balance in Haldia region.
	for plantation purposes.	It is planned to plant 3000 new tre saplings in Haldia region in the year 2017 18.
ix)	Project authority must set up laboratory facilities in the existing premises for testing air emissions and water quality.	Haldia Refinery has its own NAB accredited laboratory and all water qualit is being tested daily.
		The ambient air quality within refinery i monitored twice every week at 5 no locations through authorized agency M/
		Envirotech East (P) Ltd. Also a Continuou Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Statio
		(CAAQMS) is provided near the refiner battery gate whose data is linked an
		transmitted to CPCB and WBPCB server.
x)	The clearance of Chief Inspector of Explosives must be taken before starting construction of the proposed plant and a	construction of every Project.
	copy of consent letter should be made available to this Ministry.	

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOEF & CC	STATUS
xi)	Project authority will establish five water quality monitoring stations in consultation with State Pollution Control Board to monitor the quality of stream water and to study the impact of treated effluent discharge and will	All effluent water quality is monitored daily at IOCL own NABL accredited laboratory. The treated effluents comply with the prescribed standards(MINAS).
	submit its report quarterly to state Pollution Control Board and half yearly to this Ministry. Ground water quality also should be monitored.	The concept of 5 nos water quality monitoring station at refinery discharge was an old stipulation and now not valid. Presently, all surface drain water are routed to the storm water pond near ETP
		and not discharged outside from any Catch pit as per guidelines of WBPCB. Thereafter the water is pumped to covered floating roof tanks 103 & 104. Next it is
		processed in ETP-1 and ETP-2. Water quality is monitored at the outlet of ETP-1, ETP-2 and TTP/RO outlet. Online
		analyzers are also installed at these three locations to monitor pH, TDS, COD & BOD. Refer six months average data of
		the effluent water before treatment & final treated effluent discharged to Hoogly river is enclosed as <b>Annexure-2</b> .
		Ground water quality is monitored quarterly. WBPCB also does half yearly
		monitoring of ground water.
xii)	The project authority will explore the possibility of water recycling to the maximum possible extent. A plan in this regard should be prepared within the next one year and furnished to this Ministry.	As a part of resource conservation recycling of treated effluent has been implemented to above 92.0%.
xiii)	The liquid effluent coming out of the plant premises should strictly conform to MINAS.	The liquid treated effluent coming out of the ETP premises conform to MINAS and being monitored by Online Effluent monitoring system.
xiv)	The project authority will submit a Disaster Management Plan duly approved by nodal agency.	ERDMP is approved by M/s TQ Services (A division of Tata Projects Ltd.) as per PNGRB guidelines, 2010 and is valid up to 31.01.2019.
xv)	A separate environmental management cell with suitably qualified people to carry out various functions related to environmental	Separate Health Safety environmental (HSE) exists in Haldia Refinery with several qualified personnel with 10-30
	management should be set up under the control of a Senior Technical personnel who will report direct to the head of organization.	years experience in Refineries & Petrochemicals industries. For professional help such as Risk
		Assessment & EIA/ EMP study, Haldia Refinery is always appointing competent professional agency.

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
xvi)	The fund provision of Rs.10 Crores which has been made should be utilized for implementation of all conditions stipulated herein and the budget so provided will not be delivered for any other purpose. The conditions stipulated above needs additional funds it should be so provided either from non-recurring or recurring budget of the unit.	Adequate funds are allocated every year for implementation of all conditions stipulated for Environmental protection to meet the requirements. Expense in year 2016-17 on Environment monitoring, Waste disposal, Tree plantation, Awareness program, ETP treated water recycle, Sludge oil recovery, EIA study job and RA study job and ETP operation cost are shown in <b>Annexure-3</b> .

## <u>Haldia Refinery</u>

#### SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

#### 2.0 EC Reference No.: 11011/39/96-IA II (I) DT. 18/12/96

# Status Of Conditions Imposed With Respect To Environmental Clearance For DHDS at Haldia Refinery

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOEF	STATUS
i)	The project authority must strictly adhere to the stipulations laid down by the West Bengal State Pollution Control Board and the State Govt.	Haldia Refinery has been adhering to the stipulations made by the West Bengal Pollution Control Board and submitting necessary compliance Reports as per schedule.
ii)	No expansion or modernization of the plant should be carried out without approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forest.	Environmental clearance from MoEF & CC is always taken before any expansion or modernization in the plant.
iii)	The total SO <sub>2</sub> emission from Haldia Refinery including DHDS project should not exceed norms of 850 Kg/hr. after installing the new Crude Distillation unit (CDU).	The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. The average SO2 emission from all heater stacks during 2016-17 was 767 kg/hr.
iv)	The existing ETP should be adequately augmented (if required) to accommodate the additional effluent from the DHDS project before commissioning the project so as ensure that the treated effluent meets the MINAS.	Old ETP capacity already revamped to 650 m3/hr and new ETP of capacity 600 m3/hr installed. The combined capacity of the two ETPs caters to the effluent load of the entire refinery.
<b>v)</b>	Time bound Action Plan for disposal of oily sludge / recovery of oil & design details of the solid waste disposal pit should be furnished to the Ministry within a period of three months. Hazardous waste should be handled as per Hazardous Waste (Management & Handling) rules, 1989 and necessary approval from SPCB must be obtained for its safe collection, treatment, storage and disposal.	Plan for disposal of solid waste submitted and Hazardous waste Authorization from WBPCB obtained. Yearly Haz. Waste return is being submitted to WBPCB in the month of June every year.
vi)	SRU having an efficiency of more than 99% should be installed.	SRU having efficiency >99.5% has been installed and commissioned.

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOEF & CC	STATUS
vii)	Location of riverine outfall point showing the alignment of pipeline and outfall point with reference to the HTL and LTL should be submitted to this Ministry. IOC should also obtain the expert opinion of NIO or any other expert body on the best possible location of the outfall point and IOC should abide by the changes if any recommended by the expert body.	The job was carried out by National Institute of Oceanography (NIO), Goa. As per the study, the existing location of outfall point of treated effluent to river Hoogly is suitable and does not require change. The copy of final report sent to Joint Director (S), MOE&F, Bhubaneswar in Aug-99. The sketch on location of riverine outfall point has already been included in that report.
viii)	The IOC should commission a study by a competent technical expert to evaluate the effects of the existing effluents on aquatic life and on mangrove and submit to the Ministry the results of the study within one	A study was carried out by National Institute of Oceanography (NIO), Goa to evaluate the effects of effluents on aquatic life and on mangroves. As per the study report, the effect of treated
	year.	effluent is insignificant. The copy of final report was sent to Joint Director (S), MOE&F, Eastern Regional Office, Bhubaneswar in Aug-99.
ix)	A detailed risk analysis study board on maximum credible accident analysis (MCA) and HAZOP study should be done to the Refinery including DHDS project facilities and submitted to this Ministry Board. On this, a Disaster Management Plan and off site plan be prepared and submitted after approval has been obtained from nodal agency.	<ul> <li>Risk Analysis Report submitted to Ministry.</li> <li>Offsite Disaster Management Plan of Haldia Refinery : The present ERDMP is approved by M/s TQ Services (A division of Tata Projects Ltd.) as per PNGRB guidelines,2010 and is valid upto 31.01.2019.</li> </ul>
x)	The project authority must strictly comply with the provisions made in MSIHC Rules, 1989 as amended in October, 1994 for handling of hazardous chemicals etc.	Safety Audit under MSIHC Rules done in Feb 2016 in Haldia Refinery.
	Necessary approvals from Chief Controller of Explosives must be obtained before commission the project.	PESO approval obtained before commissioning of all Projects.

## Haldia Refinery

## SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

#### 3.0 EC Reference No. J.11011/99/96-IA II (I) DT. 01/10/97

# STATUS OF CONDITIONS IMPOSED WITH RESPECT TO ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE OF "FLUIDISED CATALYTIC CRACKING UNIT (FCCU) AT HALDIA REFINERY OF IOC"

SI. No.	CONDITIONS	STATUS
i)	The project authority must strictly adhere to the stipulations laid down by the West Bengal State Pollution Control Board and the State Govt.	Haldia Refinery has been adhering to the stipulations made by the West Bengal Pollution Control and submitting necessary compliance Reports as per schedule.
ii)	No expansion or modernization of the plant should be carried out without approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forest	Environmental clearance from MoEF & CC is always taken before any expansion or modernization in the plant.
iii)	The total $SO_2$ emission from the FCCU project should not exceed 390 kg/hr. Maximum $SO_2$ emission from the Refinery complex should be below 1500 kg/hr. (letter dated 16.03.89). However, efforts may be made to peg the $SO_2$ values at 1240 kg/hr. in the post DHDS and FCCU phase.	Low sulphur fuel gas & fuel oil are used in heaters. Sulphur Recovery Units installed & commissioned in April / May'94. The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. Online monitoring system and uplinking of data to CPCB server have been completed. The average SO2 emission from all Process Units heater stacks during 2016-17 was 767 kg/hr.
iv)	The studies on aquatic life and marine outfall for discharge of treated effluent into the river should be expedited. A time bound action plan to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry while according approval for the DHDS unit vide letter dated 18/12/96 should be submitted to the Ministry for review within a period of one month.	A study was carried out by National Institute of Oceanography (NIO), Goa on aquatic life & marine outfall for discharge of treated effluent into the river Hooghly. As per the study report, effect of treated effluent on aquatic life and marine outfall into the river Hooghly is insignificant. The copy of final report sent to joint Director (S), MoE&F, Eastern Regional Office, Bhubaneswar in Aug99.

## Haldia Refinery

#### SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

#### 4.0 EC Reference No. J.11011/28/2000-IA II Date 21/08/2000

Status Of Conditions Imposed With Respect To Environmental Clearance Of "2nd Vacuum Distillation Unit (Capacity 2 MMMTPA) And Catalytic Iso-Dewaxing Unit (Capacity 0.2 MMMTPA) At 7.5 MMMTPA Crude Processing Level At Haldia Refinery Of IOCvgv"

#### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS :**

SI. No	STIPULATION BY MoE&F	STATUS
1	The SO2 emission from the refinery unit including the proposed 2nd VDU and CIDW should not exceed 1340 kg/hr.	Low sulphur fuel gas & fuel oil are used in heaters. Sulphur Recovery Units installed &
		commissioned in April / May'94. The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. Online monitoring system and uplinking of
		data to CPCB server have been completed. The average SO2 emission from all
n Me		Process Units heater stacks during 2016-17 was 767 kg/hr.
2	The ETP load should be within the design capacity of 540 m <sup>3</sup> /hr. The total quantity of effluent generation should not exceed 414 m <sup>3</sup> /hr as indicated in the EMP of which 150 m <sup>3</sup> /hr treated effluent should be recycled and rest 264 m <sup>3</sup> /hr	At present ETP-1 revamped capacity is 650 m3/hr and New ETP-2 capacity is 600 m3/hr. But the combined ETP load remains 900- 1000 m3/hr. The treated water from
	should be discharged after proper treatment. The treated effluent should comply with the prescribed standards.	ETP-1 & ETP-2 is reused in TTP-RO feed, Fire water & Cooling water. Only TTP-RO reject is being discharged to Hoogly river.
		Refer <b>Annexure-4</b> as average data for six months of the effluent water before treatment & final treated effluent discharged to river Hoogly.
3	The oily sludge generated from the refinery operation should be subjected to melting pit treatment for recovery of oil. The recovered oil	The methodology for recovery of oil as indicated is practiced. The tank bottom sludge is also reprocessed using mechanized
	should be recycled. The residual oily sludge should be disposed off in the HDPE lined pits.	reprocessed using mechanized BLABO process for recovery of slop oil and recycled.
		The residual sludge is stored in HDPE lined pits and is disposed off to the WBPCB approved CHW-TSDF agency located at Haldia.
	The spent catalyst from CIDW unit should be sent to supplier for metal recovery.	The spent catalyst from CIDW Unit is sent to the supplier for metal recovery whenever requirement arises.
. 31		

SI. No	STIPULATION BY MoE&F	STATUS
4	Oil spill response facilities should be in place, in accordance with OISD guidelines with regard to the likely risks associated with transportation of finished products by Hooghly-Sea route.	Facilities are in place to combat Tier-I spill situation in line with the guidelines of OISD & Coast Guard.
5	Green belt of adequate width and density should be provided to mitigate the effects of fugitive emission all around the plant in consultation with the local DFO.	Haldia refinery has so far planted more than 55,000 saplings in and around Refinery which have flourished and maintained greenery as well as eco-balance in Haldia
		region. Space has been earmarked in the newly acquired land for Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) for development of green belt.
	The bio-sludge from biotreater should be used as manure in the green belt development.	After centrifugation, the bio sludge is natural weathered and used as manure inside the Refinery premises.
6.	Occupational Health Surveillance of the workers should be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act and the West Bengal Factories Rules.	Haldia Refinery has Occupational Health centre with all facilities. Periodical health checkup schedule is being followed for target employees as per Factories Act and
		WB Factory Rules and records are being maintained.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

SI. No	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
1	The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the West Bengal State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.	Haldia Refinery has been adhering to the stipulations made by the West Bengal Pollution Control and submitting necessary compliance Reports as per schedule.
2	No further expansion or modernization in the plant should be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forests.	Environmental clearance from MoEF & CC is always taken before any expansion or modernization in the plant.
3	At no time, the emissions should go beyond the prescribed standards. In the event of failure of any pollution control system adopted by the units, the respective unit should be immediately put out of operation and should not be restarted until the desired efficiency has been achieved.	Low sulphur fuel gas & fuel oil are used in heaters. Sulphur Recovery Units installed & commissioned in April / May'94. The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. Online monitoring system and uplinking of data to CPCB server have been completed. The average SO2 emission from all Process Units heater stacks during
4	The overall noise levels in and around the plant area should be kept well within the standards (85 dBA) by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels should conform to the standards prescribed under EPA Rules 1989 viz., 75 dBA (day time) and 70 dBA (night time).	2016-17 was 767 kg/hr. Leq of noise level along refinery boundary wall is conforming to limits of <75 dBA in day time and <70 dBA in night time. The noise level data at boundary area of Haldia Refinery is enclosed as <b>Annexure-5</b> . Persons if working in any high noise area use proper PPE.
5	The project authorities must strictly comply with the provisions made in Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 as amended in October, 1994 for handling of hazardous chemicals etc.	in Feb 2016 in Haldia Refinery.
	Necessary approvals from Chief Controller of Explosives must be obtained before commission of the project.	
6	The project authorities will provide adequate funds both recurring and non-recurring to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment and Forests as well as the State Government along with the implementation schedule for all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so provided should not be diverted for any other purposes	Adequate funds are allocated every year for implementation of all conditions stipulated for Environmental protection to meet the requirements. Expense in year 2016-17 on Environment monitoring, Waste disposal, Tree plantation, Awareness program, ETP treated water recycle, Sludge oil recovery, EIA study job and RA study job, ETP operation cost are shown in <b>Annexure-3</b> .

[	SI. No	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
	7	The stipulated conditions will be monitored by the Regional of this Ministry at Bhubaneswar/ Central Pollution Control Board / State Pollution Control Board. A six monthly compliance report and the monitored data should be submitted to them regularly.	The compliance status is submitted to the MoEF & CC, Regional Office, Bhubaneswar, Central Pollution Control Board & State Pollution Control Board every six months. Last report sent in Dec 2016
	8	The Project Proponent should inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available with the State Pollution Control Board / Committee and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry and Forests at http://WWW. envfor.nic.in. This should be advertised in at least two local newspapers that are widely circulated in the region of which one shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned.	This was Complied after receipt of Environmental Clearance. For DYIP project EC, the message is published in news papers. A specimen copy is enclosed as Annexure-8.
	9.	The Project Authorities should inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of commencing the land development work.	2 <sup>nd</sup> VDU & CIDW unit commissioned on 15 <sup>th</sup> March 2002 and 25 <sup>th</sup> March 2003 respectively and the same was communicated.

#### **Haldia Refinery**

## SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

## 5.0 EC Reference No - J11011/5/2002 - IA -II(I) Dated MAY 1,2002

Status of conditions imposed with respect to environmental clearance of installation of facilities for improvement of HSD quality and distillate yield (OHCU) and MS quality improvement (MSQI) at Haldia refinery of M/S. IOCL in district Midnapore (E), West Bengal.

#### A. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

SI. No	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
	The company shall ensure strict implementations / compliance of the terms and conditions mentioned vide Ministry's letters No. J-11011/39/96-IA.II(1) dated 18/12/96, J-11011/99/96-IA.II(1) dated 01/10/1997 AND J-11011/28/2000-IA.II(1) dated 21 <sup>st</sup> August, 2000.	Terms and conditions as described in the respective letters are complied.
<b>ii</b>	The company shall also ensure that the total SO <sub>2</sub> emission from the Haldia Refinery (including expansion of OHCU & MS Quality Improvement Project) will not exceed 1466 kg/hr.	Low sulphur fuel gas & fuel oil are used in heaters. Sulphur Recovery Units installed & commissioned in April / May'94. The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. Online monitoring system and uplinking of data to CPCB server have been completed. The average SO2 emission from all Process Units heater stacks during 2016-17 was 767 kg/hr. Stack emission monitoring result for six months period of SO2 emission is enclosed in this report as <b>Annexure-6</b> .
iii	Additional water requirement should be met from the Geonkhali Water Supply Scheme. There should be no further drawl from ground.	No new tube well has been made for withdrawal from ground. Additional requirement is met from Geonkhali Water Supply Scheme.
iv	The ETP load should be within the design capacity of 540m <sup>3</sup> /hr. The total quantity of effluent generation should not exceed 446 m <sup>3</sup> /hr as indicated in the EMP of which 150m <sup>3</sup> /hr treated effluent should be recycled and rest 296 m <sup>3</sup> /hr should be discharged after proper treatment. The treated effluent should comply with the prescribed standards.	At present ETP-1 revamped capacity is 650 m3/hr and New ETP-2 capacity is 600 m3/hr. But the combined ETP load remains 900-1000 m3/hr. The treated water from ETP-1 & ETP-2 is reused in TTP-RO feed, Fire water & Cooling water. Only TTP-RO reject is being discharged to Hoogly river. All effluent water quality is monitored daily at IOCL own NABL accredited laboratory. The treated effluents comply with the prescribed standards(MINAS).

SI. No	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
	The oily Sludge generated from the refinery operation should be subjected to melting pit	The methodology for recovery of oil as indicated is practiced.
	treatment for recovery of oil. The recovered oil should be recycled. The residual oily sludge should be disposed off in the HDPE lined pits.	The tank bottom sludge is reprocessed using mechanized BLABO process for recovery of slop oil to recycle. The residual sludge is stored in HDPE lined
		pits and is disposed off to the WBPCB approved CHW-TSDF agency located at Haldia.
	The spent catalyst should be sent to supplier for metal recovery.	The spent catalyst from hydro-processing units containing metals is sold through e- auction.
		The catalysts containing noble metals are sent to approved recyclers for metal recovery.
vi	Oil spill response facilities should be in place, in accordance with OISD guidelines with regard to the likely risks associated with transportation of finished products by	Facilities are in place to combat Tier-I spill situation in line with the guidelines of OISD & Coast Guard.
vii	Hoogly-Sea route. Green belt of adequate width and density should be provided to mitigate the effects of fugitive emission all around the plant in consultation with the local DFO.	Haldia refinery has so far planted more than 55,000 saplings in and around refinery which have flourished and maintained greenery as well as eco-balance in Haldia region.
		Space has been earmarked in the newly acquired land for Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) for development of green belt.
	The bio-sludge should be used as manure in the green belt development.	After centrifugation the bio sludge is natural weathered and used as manure inside the Refinery premises.
vii	Green belt of adequate width and density should be provided to mitigate the effects of fugitive emission all around the plant in consultation with the local DFO.	Haldia refinery has so far planted more than 55,000 saplings in and around refinery which have flourished and maintained greenery as well as eco-balance in Haldia region. Space has been earmarked in the newly acquired land for Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) for development of green belt.
	The bio-sludge should be used as manure in the green belt development.	After centrifugation the bio sludge is natural weathered and used as manure inside the Refinery premises.
viii	Occupational Health Surveillance of the workers should be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act and the West Bengal Factories Rules.	Haldia Refinery has Occupational Health center with all facilities. Periodical health checkup schedule is being followed for target employees as per Factories Act and WB Factory Rules and records are being maintained.

## **B. GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

SI. No	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
I	The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the West Bengal State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.	Haldia Refinery has been adhering to the stipulations made by the West Bengal Pollution Control Board and State Govt. and submitting necessary compliance Reports as per schedule.
ii	No further expansion or modernization in the plant should be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forests.	Environmental clearance from MoEF & is always taken before any expansion or modernization in the plant.
iii	The company shall implement all recommendations made in the EMP and risk Analysis reports.	Recommendations from the EMP and Risk analysis reports are implemented at Haldia Refinery.
iv.	At no time, the emissions should go beyond the prescribed standards. In the event of failure of any pollution control system adopted by the Units, the respective unit should be immediately put out of operation and should not be restarted until the desired efficiency has been achieved.	Low sulphur fuel gas & fuel oil are used in heaters. Sulphur Recovery Units installed & commissioned in April / May'94. The emissions from stacks are well within the prescribed limits. Online monitoring system and uplinking of data to CPCB server have been completed. The average SO2 emission from all Process Units heater stacks during 2016-17 was 767 kg/hr.
<b>v</b> .	The overall noise levels in and around the plant area should be kept well within the standards (85 dBA) by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels should conform to the standards prescribed under EPA Rules, 1989 vis. 75 dBA (day time) and 70 dBA (night time).	Leq of noise level along refinery boundary wall is conforming to limits of <75 dBA in day time and <70 dBA in night time. The noise level data at boundary area of Haldia Refinery is enclosed as <b>Annexure-5</b> . Persons if working in any high noise area use proper PPE.
vi	The project authorities must strictly comply with the rules and regulations under Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous chemicals Rules, 1989 as amended in 1994 and 2000. Prior approvals from Chief Inspectorate of Factories, Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Safety Inspectorate etc. must be obtained.	Safety Audit under MSIHC Rules done in Feb 2016 in Haldia Refinery. PESO approval obtained before commissioning of the Project.

#### Haldia Refinery

## SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

## 6.0 EC Reference No. J13011/14/2006 – IA.II(T) Dated 5<sup>TH</sup> JANUARY,2007

Status Of Conditions Imposed With Respect To Environmental Clearance Of Installation Of 3<sup>rd</sup> Gas Turbine (GT-3) With Heat Recovery Steam Generation (HRSG) At Haldia Refinery By M/S Indian Oil Corporation Ltd.

#### A. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
i	All the conditions stipulated by West Bengal Pollution Control Board vide their letter no. 334-2N-295/2005 dated 28 <sup>th</sup> June 2006 shall be strictly implemented.	All the conditions stipulated by West Bengal Pollution Control Board have been taken care of during implementation of GT-3.
ii	No additional land shall be acquired for any activity/facility of the power project.	GT-3 is installed inside the existing Refinery premises.
iii	Water requirement will be met from existing water supply system. No additional facilities will be created as part of this project.	Water requirement has been met from existing water supply system.
iv	Sulphur content in the Naphtha to be used in the project shall not exceed 0.025%.	Sulphur content in naphtha is less than 0.025%.
V	A single stack of 60 m with exit velocity of 20 m/sec shall be provided with continuous online monitoring equipments.	Stack height is 60 M. Online monitoring system with SO2, NOx, PM10 and CO analyzers has been provided.
vi	NOx emission shall not exceed 100 ppm.	NOx emission level for GT/HRSG is in the range of 10-15 ppm.
vii	The treated effluents conforming to the prescribed standards shall only be discharged in the river Hoogly.	All effluent water quality is monitored daily at IOCL own NABL accredited laboratory.
		The treated effluents comply with the prescribed standards (MINAS). Only TTP-RO reject effluent is being discharged to river Hooghly.

SI.	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
No. ∨iii	Adequate measures shall be taken to avoid fire and explosion hazard.	Adequate measures taken to avoid fire and explosion hazard by complying to OISD, PESO and other statutory norms.
ix	A greenbelt shall be developed all along the plant.	Haldia refinery has so far planted more than 55,000 saplings in and around Refinery which have flourished and maintained greenery as well as eco- balance in Haldia region. Space has been earmarked in the newly acquired land for Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP) for development of green belt.
X	First aid and sanitation arrangements shall be made for the drivers and other contract workers during construction phase.	First Aid and sanitation arrangements are provided at worksite and is a part of the Contract Document.
xi	Leq of Noise level should be limited to 75 dBA and regular maintenance of equipment be undertaken. For people working in the high noise areas, personal protection devices should be provided.	Leq of noise level along boundary wall is conforming to limits of <75 DBA in day time and <70 dBA in night time. Persons if working in any high noise area use proper PPE.
xii	Regular monitoring of the ambient air quality shall be carried out in and around the power plant and records maintained. The location of the monitoring stations and frequency of monitoring shall be decided in consultation with SPCB. Periodic reports shall be submitted to the Regional Office of this Ministry.	The ambient air quality within refinery is monitored twice every week at 5 nos locations. Month wise actual average data of Ambient Air Quality monitoring data is being submitted to the MoEF & CC Regional Office as per schedule. Also a Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station (CAAQMS) is provided near the refinery battery gate whose data is linked and transmitted to CPCB and WBPCB server. The typical data of Continuous Ambient air quality monitoring station is enclosed as <b>Annexure- 7</b> .
xiii	Half yearly report on the status of implementation of the stipulated conditions and environmental safeguards should be submitted to this Ministry/ Regional Office/CPCB/SPCB.	Six monthly data are being submitted in the month of June and Dec every year to the MoEF&CC Regional Office & WBPCB. Last report sent in the month of Dec 2016.

SI. No.	STIPULATION BY MOE&F	STATUS
xiv	Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment & Forests located at Bhubaneswar will monitor the implementation of the stipulated conditions. Complete set of Environmental Impact Assessment Report and Environment Management Plan along with the additional information submitted from time to time shall be forwarded to the Regional Office for their use during monitoring.	Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment & Forests located at Bhubaneswar visits Haldia Refinery to monitor the implementation status of the stipulated conditions. As per the requirement, additional information is also submitted during the visit.
XV	Separate funds should be allocated for implementation of environmental protection measures along with item- wise break-up. This cost should be included as part of the project cost. The funds earmarked for the environment protection measures should not be diverted for other purposes and year- wise expenditure should be reported to the Ministry.	Adequate funds are allocated for implementation of environmental protection every year to meet the requirements. Expense in 2016-17 on Environment monitoring, Waste disposal, Tree plantation, Awareness program, ETP treated water recycle, Sludge oil recovery, EIA study job and RA study job and ETP operation cost are shown in <b>Annexure-3</b> .
xvi	Full cooperation should be extended to the Scientists/Officers from the Ministry/ Regional Office of the Ministry at Bhubaneswar/the CPCB/the SPCB who would be monitoring the compliance of environmental status.	Haldia Refinery is always extending full co-operation to the Scientists / Officers visiting the Refinery from the statutory bodies.

## Haldia Refinery

## SUB : SIX MONTHLY STATUS REPORT for Oct'16 - Mar'17 dt.01.06.2017

			04-4
SI	EC Reference No and	Project name	Status
No	Date		
7.0	J-11011/904/2007-IA II (I) Dated 17 <sup>™</sup> MARCH,2009	Installation of Delayed Coking unit (DCU) at Haldia refinery Haldia WB by IOCL.	Applied to MoEF & CC for extension of EC validity before expiry. As per directives, DCU project was clubbed with the next FPU & Capacity expansion projects. Name of 'DCU' project was later changed as Distillate Yield Improvement Project (DYIP).
8.0	J-11011/299/2013-IA II(I) DATED 4 <sup>TH</sup> MARCH,2016	Capacity expansion from 7.5 MTPA to 8 MTPA along with distillate yield improvement project (DYIP) and Feed processing unit (FPU) at IOCL Haldia refinery, Purba Medinipur, WB.	As on 1st June 2017: FPU Project is under commissioning stage. DYIP project and Capacity extension project expected to be commissioned in 2018.

# MONTH WISE DATA OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

## AAQM DATA FOR REFINERY

(OCT- 2016 to MARCH- 2017)

Compliance of Statutory Stipulations - Ambient Air Quality

Haldia Refinery

Period: 1st to 31st Oct-2016

				ſ								
Parameters	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO2	°HN	Рb	8	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Py rene (BaP)	Arsenic( As)	Nickel (Ni)
	µg/m³	рд/т	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	µg/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	hg/m³	mg/m³	<sub>ε</sub> ш/бп	µg/m³	ud/ш <sub>3</sub>	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m³
NO. OF SAMPLES	8	ø	œ	Ø	ø	ω	œ	ø	8	æ	ω	Ø
*Annual Target	60	40	50	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	م	100 (8 hours)	1	6	20
				Near		LABORATORY	<u>ک</u>					
**Actual Average	55.0	27.71	16.86	38.12	19.0	0.10	0.86	0.47	24.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
					NEAR T	NEAR TUBEWELL 4A	L 4A					
**Actual Average	58.43	26.71	14.86	38.29	19.29	0.08	0.80	0.43	24.1	BDL	BDL	BDL
				N N	NEEN MAIN GATE	IN GATE				÷		
**Actual Average	59.54	32.00	19.43	38.25	21.86	0.11	1.01	0.63	21.9	BDL	BDL	BDL
				NEDN		<b>BITUMEN BUILDING</b>	DNIC					
**Actual Average	55.57	25.00	13.14	33.71	16.14	0.07	0.71	0.40	21.9	BDL	BDL	BDL
				NEAN		OM&S BUILDING	DN					
**Actual Average	57.49	30.43	18.00	39.45	20.43	0.11	0.91	0.57	26.1	BDL	BDL	BDL

**BDL- Below Detectable Limit** 

\* Annual Target - Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

Compliance of Statutory Stipulations - Ambient Air Quality

Haldia Refinery

Period: 1st to 30th Nov-2016

				1	erioa: 15		Period: 1St to 30th Nov-2016					
Parameters	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	202	<sup>z</sup> ON	۴N	Pb	CO	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Py rene (BaP)	Arsenic( As)	Nickel (Ni)
Unit	µg/m³	µg/m³	hg/m³	hg/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	µg/т³	mg/m³	гт)т <sup>з</sup>	µg/m³	ng/m³	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m³
NO. OF SAMPLES	8	8	8	8	8	ω	8	Ø	8	8	8	8
*Annual Target	60	40	50	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	S	100 (8 hours)	1	6	20
				Ne	NEON LA	LABORATORY	۲۲					
**Actual Average	56.9	29.5	17.8	37.6	20.3	60.0	0.8	0.5	20.8	BDL	BDL	BDL
					NEAR	NEAR TUBEWELL 4A	LL 4A				· · ·	
**Actual Average	53.0	32.4	18.9	36.8	21.8	60'0	0.81	0.61	23.38	BDL	BDL	BDL
				<	NEDN M	MAIN GATE	Ш				a se	
**Actual Average	55.3	35.5	22.4	34.5	25.1	0.13	0.99	0.68	25.38	BDL	BDL	BDL
				Near		<b>BITUMEN BUILDING</b>	DING	н 				
**Actual Average	58.6	30.4	16.3	37.3	20.4	0.08	0.78	0.53	20.63	BDL	BDL	BDL
				8	NEM OM&S BUILDING	<b>§S BUILD</b>	ING					
**Actual Average	54.6	34.3	18.9	37.6	22.0	0.09	0.89	0.60	22.75	BDL	BDL	BDL
BDL- Below Detectable Limit	ble Limit			8								

\* Annual Target - Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

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PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub> S		v)	so2	NO2	NH <sub>3</sub>	Pb	S	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Pyr ene (BaP)	Arsenic(As)	Nickel (Ni)
µg/m³ µg/m³ µg/m³ µg/m³	µg/m³ µg/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>		hg/r	цз	рg/т³	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	µg/m³	µg/m³	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m³
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	ω	œ		œ		8	8	8	8	8	8	8
60 40 50 40 1	50 40	40		: ++ <b>i</b>	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	N	100 (8 hours)	Ţ	6	20
	Ž	Z	Ž	Ž	Neur	LABORATORY	ATORY					
58.65 38.67 22.78 36.89 2	22.78 36.89	36.89		21	25.56	0.12	0.82	0.57	25.44	BDL	BDL	BDL
					Z	IEAR TUB	NEAR TUBEWELL 4A					
57.23 37.00 22.00 38.96 24.44	22.00 38.96	38.96		24.	44	0.11	0.84	0.60	24.22	BDL	BDL	BDL
			~	<	Near	A MAIN GATE	GATE					
55.21 38.00 26.78 39.00 30	26.78 39.00	39.00		30	30.22	0.17	1.00	0.70	29.33	BDL	BDL	BDL
N.	N.	N .	N.	٤	Eor B		Mean BITUMEN BUILDING					
55.00 33.11 17.89 39.40 22	17.89 39.40	39.40		22	22.56	0.08	0.67	0.51	21.89	BDL	BDL	BDL
					Near	NEMOM&S BUILDING	DILDING					
57.45 39.33 23.56 38.60 2	23.56 38.60	38.60		2	26.67	0.13	0.89	0.62	25.78	BDL	BDL	BDL
BNI - Below Detectable I imit												

**BDL- Below Detectable Limit** 

\* Annual Target - Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

				đ	Period: 1st to 31st Jan-2017	to 31st Ja	n-2017						
Parameters	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM2.5	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO2	NH <sub>3</sub>	Ър	со	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Py Arsenic(A rene (BaP) s)	Arsenic(A s)	Nickel (Ni)	
Unit	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	µg/т <sup>3</sup>	рд/т <sup>3</sup>	рд/т <sup>3</sup>	m/وبر	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<del>،</del> m/ġu	µg/m³	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	
NO. OF SAMPLES	Ø	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	ø	æ	ω	
*Annual Target	09	40	20	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	IJ	100 (8 hours)	1	9	20	
				Ž	NEM LABI	LABORATORY							
**Actual Average	57.32	38.67	22.44	37.43	25.56	0.12	0.82	0.57	25.44	BDL	BDL	BDL	
					NEAR T	NEAR TUBEWELL 4A	4A						
**Actual Average	57.12	37.00	22.00	38.19	24,44	0.11	0.84	0.60	24.00	BDL	BDL	BDL	
					NEM MA	MAIN GATE							
**Actual Average	56.00	38.18	26.78	37.98	30.22	0.17	1.00	0.70	29.33	BDL	BDL	BDL	
				Near		BITUMEN BUILDING	5NG			-			
**Actual Average	58.12	39.75	19.00	37.54	21.25	0.18	0.81	0.75	24.13	BDL	BDL	BDL	e de la
				NEM		OM&S BUILDING	B						
**Actual Average	58.29	39.33	22.89	37.54	26.67	0.13	0.89	0.62	25.56	BDL	BDL	BDL	

**BDL- Below Detectable Limit** 

\* Annual Target - Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

Period: 1st to 28th Feb-2017

Parameters	PM10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO2	NH3	Рр	0	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Py rene (BaP) Assenic(	Arsenic( As)	Nickel (Nî)
Unit	µg/m³	hg/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	hg/m <sup>3</sup>	, ng/m³	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	hg/m <sup>3</sup>	рд/та	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m³	ng/m³
SAMPLES	8	ω	ω	8	8	8	ω	8	8	8	8	8
*Annual Target	60	40	50	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	Ś	100 (8 hours)	Ţ	6	20
				2 Ne	NED LAF	LABORATORY	ير بر					
**Actual Average	57.29	36.13	21.63	37.45	24.25	0.13	0.8	0.55	21.88	BDL	BDL	BDL
					NEAR	NEAR TUBEWELL 4A	LL 4A					
**Actual Average	58.98	35.13	20.63	38.97	23.88	0.11	0.81	0.51	21.63	BDL	BDL	BDL
					NEM M	MAIN GATE	ш					
**Actual Average	57.94	38.49	25.13	38.92	27.88	0.16	0.93	0.68	25.88	BDL	BDL	BDL
				Neo	New BITUMEN BUILDING	IEN BUIL	DING					
**Actual Average	57.21	31.38	18.00	38.24	21.75	0.09	0.70	0.50	21.00	BDL	BDL	BDL
		,		Ž	NEW OM&S BUILDING	S BUILD.	ING					an Anna
**Actual Average	57.69	38.25	23.00	38.50	25.88	0.13	0.83	0.63	24.13	BDL	BDL	BDL
BDL- Below Detectable Limit	table Limit											

\* Annual Target - Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

\*\* Actual Average . Average of the month as analysis is being done twice a wrest 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

Period:1st to 31st March-2017

Parameters	PM10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>	<sup>z</sup> on	NH3	Ч	0	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Py rene (BaP)	Arsenic(As)	Nickel (Nì)
Cnit	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	рд/т <sup>3</sup>	рд/т	pg/m <sup>3</sup>	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	hg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	bug/m <sup>3</sup>	µg/m³	ng/m³	ng/m³	ng/m <sup>3</sup>
NO. OF SAMPLES	Ø	ω	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	ω
*Annual Target	60	40	50	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	5	100 (8 hours)	1	9	20
					Nem	LABORATORY	ORY					
**Actual Average	58.9	32.6	18.7	36.8	21.2	0.1	0.7	0.4	21.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
					NE	NEAR TUBEWELL 4A	VELL 4A		-			
**Actual Average	54.3	31.3	17.9	38.0	20.0	0.1	0.7	0.4	20.3	BDL	BDL	BDL
					Neon	MAIN GATE	ATE					
**Actual Average	56.0	35.7	21.4	37.8	24.3	0.1	0.9	0.6	24.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
				Ň	New BIT	<b>BITUMEN BUILDING</b>	JILDING					
**Actual Average	58.6	28.4	16.6	35.8	18.6	0.1	0.7	0.3	19.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
					Neno	NEONOM&S BUILDING	LDING					
**Actual Average	57.3	32.9	19.2	38.6	21.6	0.1	0.8	0.5	22.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
BDI - Bolow Detectable Limit	tahla Limi											

**BDL- Below Detectable Limit** 

\* Annual Target - Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

# AAQM DATA FOR TOWNSHIP

(OCT -2016 to MARCH-2017)

**Compliance of Statutory Stipulations - Ambient Air Quality** 

Haldia Refinery

Period:1st to 31st Oct-2016

 20 BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	100 (8 hours) 17.14 19.29	<b>5</b> 0.30 0.37	<b>2 (8</b> hours) 17AL 0.54 0.60	100         0.5         hc           REFINERY HOSPITAL         3.71         0.06         0           3.71         0.06         0         0           AM         SECTOR-21         0.05         0	100         0.5           Af         REFINERY HOSF           Af         REFINERY HOSF           13.71         0.06           NEoM         SECTOR-21           15.00         0.05	<b>40</b> 25.57 28.29	<b>50</b> 4.40 4.86	<b>40</b> 19.57 21.14	21	<b>60 4</b> 42.29 19 45.57 21
 20	Q	Ŧ	100 (8 hours)	IJ	2 (8 hours)	0.5	100		40			40 50
 8	œ	œ	ø	8	8	8	8		8	8	-	8
 .ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m³	ng/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	hg/m³	mg/m³	hg/m <sup>3</sup>	hg/m³		µg/m³	hg/m <sup>3</sup> µg/m <sup>3</sup>		hg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nickel (Ni)	לגיין אווופנוא	ובווב (המנ)				<b>د</b> ا			NO2		PM <sub>2.5</sub> 502 NO2	502

\* Annual Target- Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

				· 6	eriod: 1s	t to 30th	Period: 1st to 30th Nov-2016					
Parameters	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	s02	NO2	NH3	Ч	CO	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a)Pyr ene (BaP)	Arsenic(As) Nickel (Ni)	Nickel (Ni)
Unit	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	рд/ш <sup>з</sup>	<sub>ε</sub> ш/бл	<sub>€</sub> ш/бг	<sub>ε</sub> ш/бп	۳, m/gu	mg/m³	<sub>ε</sub> ш/бп	hg/m³	ng/m³	ng/m³	ng/m³
NO. OF SAMPLES	8	∞	∞	∞	ø	æ	8	8	8	8	8	8
*Annual Target	60	40	20	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	2	100 (8 hours)	t	ę	20
				44		Refinery Hospital	pital					
** Actual Average	48.50	21.38	4.43	26.63	16.5714	0.06	0.49	0.25	22.25	BDL	BDL	BDL
		-	-		Near	Near Sector-21				ъ.	-	
** Actual Average	52.88	24.00	6.63	28.88	16.9	0.05	0.56	0.27	20.13	BDL	BDL	BDL
BDL- Below Detectable Limit	table Lim	it										

Ū בר \* Annual Target- Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals. \*\* Actual Average - Average of the month as analysis is being done twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

29

eriod: 1st to 31st Dec-2016	
Perio	

	BDL	BDL	BDL	21.67	0.33	0.66	0.06	18	33.11	6.44	27.33	57.67	** Actual Average
						21	New Sector-21	Near					
	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.23	19.89	0.51	0.06	16	29.22	4.78	25.67	53.78	** Actual Average
						ospital	Az Refinery Hospital	At Re					
	20	6	1	100 (8 hours)	5	2 (8 hours)	0.5	100	40	20	40	60	*Annual Target
	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	NO. OF SAMPLES
	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	ng/m³	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	hg/m³	µg/m³	mg/m³	hg/m³	hg/m³	hg/m³	<sub>2</sub> m/6r	pg/m³	<sub>ε</sub> ш/бп	Unit
÷	Nickel (Ni)	Arsenic(As)	Benzo(a)P yrene (BaP)	Ozone	Benzene	8	Pb	NH3	NO2	SO <sub>2</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	Parameters

**BDL- Below Detectable Limit** 

\* Annual Target- Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

Compliance of Statutory Stipulations - Ambient Air Quality Haldia Refinery Period: 1st to 31st Jan-2017

								-		Benzo(a)		Nickal	
PM <sub>10</sub>		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	so <sub>2</sub>	NO2	NH <sup>3</sup>	q	8	Benzene	Ozone	Pyrene (BaP)	Arsenic(As)	Nicker (Ni)	
hg/m³		hg/m <sup>3</sup>	hg/m³	hg/m <sup>3</sup>	hg/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	mg/m³	hg/m³	µg/m³	ng/m³	ug/m³	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	
ω		ω	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
60		40	50	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	2	100 (8 hours)	1	9	20	
		-		<b>A</b> #		Refinery Hospital	tal			1			
53.78		25.67	4.78	29.22	16	0.06	0.51	19.89	0.23	BDL	BDL	BDL	
-					New Sector-21	sctor-21							
57.67		27.33	6.44	33.11	18	0.06	0.66	0.33	21.67	BDL	BDL	BDL	
DDI Bolow Dotoctoble Limit	l ŝ	+											

BDL- Below Detectable Limit

\* Annual Target- Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

Compliance of Statutory Stipulations - Ambient Air Quality Haldia Refinery Period: 1st to 28th Feb-2017

				Pe	Period: 1st to 28th Feb-2017	to 28th F	eb-2017					
Parameters	PM10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	so2	NO2	NH3	Рb	СО	Benzene	Ozone	Benzo(a) Pyrene (BaP)	Arsenic(As) Nickel (Ni)	Nickel (Ni)
Unit	pg/m <sup>3</sup>	m/brtء	<sub>ε</sub> ш/бп	hg/m³	рд/т <sup>з</sup>	<sub>е</sub> ш/бп	mg/m³	hg/m³	µg/m³	ng/m³	ng/m³	ng/m³
NO. OF SAMPLES	ø	ø	œ	ø	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
*Annual Target	60	40	50	40	100	0.5	2 (8 hours)	S	100 (8 hours)	Ŧ	6	20
					A. Refinery Hospital	ery Hospi	tal					
** Actual Average	50.25	22.75	4.75	29.00	14.875	0.06	0.50	N.D.	17.625	BDL	BDL	BDL
					New Sector-21	sctor-21						· .
** Actual Average	57.38	27.63	5.25	33.00	19.125	0.06	0.61	0.23	18.00	BDL	BDL	BDL
BDL- Below Detectable Limit	table Limi	ţ,										

\* Annual Target- Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

Benzo(a) Pyrene Arsenic(As) Nickel (Ni) (BaP) ng/m³ BDL BDL 8 ø ng/m<sup>3</sup> BDL BDL ω H 100 (8 hours) hg/m³ 18.22 Ozone 0.20 8 Benzene hg/m³ 17.11 0.30 ω in (8 hours) mg/m³ Period: 1st to 31st Mar-2017 0.48 0.56 8 8 N **Refinery Hospital** р9/т NEM Sector-21 0.04 0.05 0.5 Ч 8 рд/т<sup>3</sup> 13.11 14.9 100 ۳H₃ ∞ ŧ hg/m<sup>3</sup> 25.44 29.22 NO2 4 ω µg/m³ 4.40 4.57 **SO**2 20 8 µg/m³ 23.00 20.44  $PM_{2.5}$ 40 ∞ µg/m³ 50.11 44.56  $PM_{10}$ 60 8 \*Annual Target NO. OF SAMPLES \*\* Actual Parameters \*\* Actual Average Average Unit

ng/m³

**BDL- Below Detectable Limit** 

\* Annual Target-Annual Arithmatic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

BDL

BDL

20

ω

## AVERAGE DATA OF THE EFFLUENT WATER BEFORE TREATMENT AND FINAL TREATED EFFLUENT DISCHARGED TO RIVER HOOGLY

(Average for Oct -2016 to Mar- 2017)

		Effluen	t Water
SI.No.	Parameter	Before Treatment (API / TPI inlet)	Final Treated Effluent discharged to river Hooghly
1	рН	7.3	7.2
2	OIL	3.4	2.6
3	PHENOL	1.0	0.05
4	SULPHIDE	0.46	0.25
5	BOD, 3 days 27°C	44	8.0
6	COD	276	64.6
7	TSS	146	13.3

Note: All parameters are in mg/l except pH

Annexure - 3

Expenditure incurred by Haldia Refinery to implement the condition stipulated by MoEF &CC

For the year 2016-17

Sr. No.	Environment expenditure	nre in 20(6-17 (in Rs)
~	Treatment and disposal cost of waste	ETP water treatment for recycle 160 Lakh + Haz. Waste disposal cost 200 Lakh = <b>Rs 360 Lakh</b>
N	Expenditure of Treatment of effluent/ air pollution control etc.,	RO reject treatment facility 49 Lakh + Stack Analyser CO & PM 363 Lakh + Stack Analyser SO2 & NOX 560 Lakh+ Ambient Air Quality Monitoring 62.6 Lakh = Rs. 1034.6 Lakh
R	Expenditure on Environmental monitoring - stack & ambient monitoring; effluent	Monitoring by WBPCB 6 Lakh + Monitoring by Outsource agency 70 Lakh = RS. 76 Lakh
4	Expenditure for consent / authorization/ EC etc	CTO 3 yrs for Refinery 19.5 Lakh + Consent to Establish for new Projects 50 Lakh + CTO for FPU 10.5 Lakh = Rs. 80 Lakh
2	Other environmental cost (like external services )	Recovery of oil from sludge 194 Lakh + Construction of Lined pit for sludge before disposal 218 Lakh = Rs. 412 Lakh
Q	ETP Operation Cost	ETP Operation cost : Rs 156 Lakh
	Total Environment expenditure	Rs . 2,118.60 Lakhs (Rs. Twenty one crores eighteen lakhs and sixty thousand only)

Annexure-4

## MONTH WISE AVERAGE DATA OF FINAL TREATED EFFLUENT DISCHARGED TO RIVER HOOGLY (OCT-2016 TO MAR-2017)

S.No.	Parameter	Statı Stipul	utory ations			Average	e for the r	nonth		Perce Compli w.r.	ance
		SPCB	MINAS	Oct'16	Nov'16	Dec'16	Jan'17	Feb'17	Mar'17	MINAS	SPCB
1	рН	6 - 8.5	6 - 8.5	7.44	7.30	7.31	7.02	7.20	7.12	100	100
2	Phenol	0.35	0.35	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	100	100
3	Sulphides	0.5	0.5	0.34	0.25	0.20	0.21	0.27	0.24	100	100
4	Oil	5	5	2.92	2.54	2.50	2.23	2.42	2.74	100	100
5	COD	125	125	63.7	59.20	55	53.15	78.33	78.15	100	100
6	BOD	15	15	7.8	7.27	8.4	8.33	8.35	7.91	100	100
7	TSS	20	20	15.50	13.62	12.56	10.46	14.04	13.56	100	100

## Annexure-5

## NOISE LEVEL AT BOUNDARY AREA OF HALDIA REFINERY

## Period of Survey: MAR ,2017

SL NO		NOISE RESULTS (dBA)		
• • • • • •		Day Time Limit :75dBA	Night Time Limit: 65dBA	
1	West of OHCU Plant Area, Road A	62.6	59.4	
2	Near Flare Stack Area	72.4	67.2	
3	West of ETP Office ,Road A	70.8	61.7	
4	Near Gate No.04,Road A	71.3	67.4	
5	South West of Old and closed Catch Pit No.01	62.8	60.8	
6	South of Solvent Handling Area	64.3	58.1	
7	South East of LPG Bulk Loading Area	73.1	63.7	
8	East of Horton Sphere	66.5	56.2	
9	East of Tank No.109	63.1	59.2	
10	North of Tank No. 111	65.7	60.3	
11	East Of Tank No .114	70.4	61.8	
12	DHDS Cooling Tower	72.6	64.7	

SI.	Stack Attached to	SO2 emission (kg/hr)					
No.		Oct'16	Nov'16	Dec'16	Jan'17	Feb'17	Mar'17
1	CDU # 1	34.9	35.7	37.3	35.6	37.2	34.8
2	CDU # 1 Trim Heater	9.1	9.7	10.6	10.3	11.0	10.2
3	CDU # 2	37.1	42.5	43.4	47.9	42.1	46.9
4	CDU # 2 Trim Heater	15.1	16.0	15.6	15.6	15.0	16.7
5	CRU	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.2
6	KHDS	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2
7	FEU (North)	11.5	11.9	13.0	12.1	13.3	13.6
8	FEU (Middle)	14.1	15.7	14.8	16.6	15.6	16.1
9	FEU (South)	12.8	13.5	12.8	13.7	11.6	15.0
10	VBU (North)	13.3	15.4	15.6	17.7	17.0	19.0
11	VBU (South)	15.2	15.0	16.7	14.9	16.3	15.7
12	VDU # 1	30.8	33.2	36.1	34.3	35.8	33.3
13	VDU # 1 Trim Heater	11.5	11.0	9.4	10.7	10.2	10.5
14	PDA	13.2	13.7	12.1	14.3	13.3	14.1
15	CIDW	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9
16	HFU	s/d	0.2	0.2	0.2	s/d	0.2
17	онси	35.7	33.7	s/d	s/d	26.5	22.3
18	HGU # 2 Reformer	6.7	6.8	6.8	5.9	5.0	6.3
19	HGU # 2 PDS	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
20	SRU - II	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d
21	SRU - III	36.0	38.9	68.7	38.7	39.1	38.7
22	SRU - IV	66.4	71.2	s/d	s/d	70.8	79.1
23	FCCU (Heater)	3.6	1.3	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.7
24	FCCU (Regenarator)	76.7	81.4	84.4	87.5	88.9	84.0
25	VDU # 2	73.7	80.2	84.9	75.0	83.8	75.2
26	MSQU	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.0
27	DHDS	1.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7
28	GAS TURBINE(GT#1)	14.3	15.0	s/d	14.7	13.1	11.7
29	GAS TURBINE(GT#2)	s/d	12.7	12.1	13.1	11.6	12.8
30	GAS TURBINE(GT#3)	9.8	10.7	9.8	10.7	9.1	10.4
31	TPS (Boiler-I)	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d	133.7	s/d
32	TPS (Boiler-III)	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d	s/d
33	TPS (Boiler-IV)	159.80	170.3	174.7	170.5	s/d	164
	Total SO2 emission(kg/hr)	708.9	761.7	688.3	669.1	729.1	759.4

## STACK EMISSION MONITORING RESULT for SO2 emission

Period: Oct'16 - Mar'17

Note--- S/D: shutdown

### **IOCL , HALDIA REFINERY**

	Data		mbient Air Quality M		
Time Base :	24 hr		MONTH- OCT 2016		
	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>x</sub>	RSPM	СО	THC
UNIT	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	µg/m³	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
THRESHO		pg/11			
1111(20110				02(08	
VALUE	50	40	60	Hours)	30
Day-1	34.295	11.76	23.51	0.08	5.676
Day-2	19.074	12.27	23.54	0.06	8.859
Day-3	25.475	11.64	49.22	0.13	2.997
Day-4	28.911	12.05	56.75	0.18	2.746
Day-5	48.115	12.20	54.74	0.42	3.702
Day-6	31.255	12.79	41.63	0.47	3.092
Day-7	26.782	13.21	19.59	0.61	3.366
Day-8	12.603	13.19	19.62	0.58	3.442
Day-9	22.308	13.12	17.80	0.53	2.967
Day-10	23.663	13.52	20.89	0.51	3.407
Day-11	19.816	13.30	27.03	0.65	3.021
Day-12	24.670	12.81	49.09	0.91	4.021
Day-13	6.491	12.92	47.44	0.80	2.923
Day-14	16.748	12.87	48.37	0.67	3.617
Day-15	20.052	13.18	47.32	0.63	3.621
Day-16	22.843	13.27	50.39	0.69	3.639
Day-17	20.928	12.63	51.45	0.77	3.632
Day-18	30.508	12.16	54.14	0.76	3.626
Day-19	26.697	11.94	52.13	0.80	3.631
Day-20	29.673	12.26	49.93	0.79	3.634
Day-21	21.322	13.04	48.11	0.77	3.635
Day-22	19.608	12.90	50.02	0.82	3.630
Day-23	4.233	13.27	50.80	0.79	3.618
Day-24	7.757	12.96	54.32	0.97	3.630
Day-25	10.794	12.71	50.02	0.90	3.638
Day-26	33.463	12.63	58.19	0.85	3.622
Day-20 Day-27	28.951	12.62	50.70	0.68	3.642
Day-27 Day-28	20.136	12.35	50.22	0.72	3.627
Day-28 Day-29	18.725	12.30	54.16	0.72	3.623
Day-29 Day-30	19.025	13.18	51.04	0.64	3.647
Day-30 Day-31	25.792	12.69	51.11	0.60	3.628

### Typical Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

**Note:** Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring data has been uplinked with CPCB web server.

CORT



যারস্থ হবে বাজা বিজ্ঞো নেত্রীকে ইঙ্গিত করে তী সূর্যনার্ত মিল্ল। তিনি বহে বুব খাওয়ার ভিডিও টে মার্থা কে? তাকে তো খুঁট এর তদন্ত হওয়া দরকার শঙ্গদেব পাণ্ডা নারদ

বিরোধীদের হাতে থাকা অস্ত্র আরও ধারালো হয়ে উঠবে এরশর। এমনটাই রাজনৈতিক মহলের ধারণা। এদিন মাহেশ্বরী ভবনে ভিডিগুটি দেশিয়ে বিজেপি নেতা ভয়প্রকাশ মজুমদার বলেন, এ আমাদের সারা

বের নার দের

নিজৰ এতিনিরি, কলকাতা: নারণ নিউজের টিং অপারেশনের যুর-কাতে নায়জডাল তদযুলের আরও যুই নেতা, এমণি'ব। এলের এরজ্জন হলেন দরোহ অনাতর প্রাক্তন রাজ্য সম্পাদক তথা ছাত্রনেতা পদ্ধদের পান্তা এবং অন্যজন হলেন আরামবাগ লোকসভা কেন্দ্রের এমপি অলুরূপী পৌদ্দার। সারদাকাতে সিবিআইয়ের তলবের পর শঙ্কদেবকে দলের যাবতীয় পদ থেকে সরিয়ে দেওয়া হয়েছে। তবে প্রকাশিত প্রতে শঙ্গুদেবকে ঢাকা নিতে দেখা যায়নি। বরং টাকার বদলে তিনি সারিষ্ট সময়ার অংশীদারিত্ব চেয়েছেনা এই তলন্তন্তব খনর ফাঁস করে দেওয়ান জনা নারদ নিউজ একটি ছয়ো ব্যবসায়িত সংস্থা তেরি করে। লেউ সংস্থার ব্যারসায় 'সহযোগিতা র শর্তেই তপমলের একাধিক নেজাইয়বারে হার নিডে দেখা পিরেছে। সেই সংযোগ একাবিত ব্যাবসায় মানার কলেমেন পর। অব সামারণা গোদানারে যাতে বাতে প্রায় টাবা নিংত প্রশা সিয়েকে একালিও ডিডিবতে। তবে এবারব

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সেই অপারেশন করেছিে

গিয়েছিল। দল থেকেও ও

রাজ্যের লক্ষা। মুখ্যমন্ত্রী মমতা বন্দ্যোগাধ্যায়কে উদ্দেশ্য করে তিনি বলেন, মাননীয়া, এই লজ্জা থেকে রাজ্ঞাবাসীকে মুস্ত করুন আপনি। দেখতে পাচ্ছি, সংসদের এক অত্যন্ত কমবয়সি সদস্যা ঘূরের টাকা নিচ্ছেন। মাননীয়া কি যুবসমাজকে এটাই বলতে চাইছেন, রাজনীতিতে এসো আর দু'হাতে কামাও। যদৈর নাম এখনও পর্যন্ত ঘুষ-কাণ্ডে ক্ষড়িয়েছে, তাঁদের আসর বিধানসভা নির্বাচনের কোনও অংশগ্রহণ যেন না থাকে, সেই দাবি নিয়ে আজ, মঙ্গলবার ফের নির্বাচন কমিশনের

রাজার্যাত্রসারে পর্যা সাওরে ত্র্যায়নার্জনে রাং দেশাসে। হয় সম্পর্দের সারাসরি হাউরে বলবেন আমি আসলার সহে ছ। তাদের সঙ্গে আলোচনার পর যদি আপনার কান্ধ হরে যায়, তাডে আমার কী হাড় হবে ? এডাবেই কথাবার্ডা এগতে থাকে কিছুল্লণ। এক সময় শঙ্গুকে বলতে শোনা যায়, আমি অংশীদারিত্ব চাই। আমার কোনও লেশা নেই এখন। আমি যদি ভবিষাতে রাজনীতিতে থাকতে চাই, আমাকে তো কিছু করতে হবে। এটাই আমার ব্যাবদা হবে। কয়েকজন বেনামী লোকের প্রসঙ্গ উঠে আসে তাঁদের কথাবার্তায়। আর অপর্নাপাদেবী টাক্ষা হাতে পাওয়ার পর একজনকে একটি কালো ব্যাগ ধনিতে বলেন। তিনি টাকার ব্রান্ডিল খুলতে পারবেন না এবং শাগির ই কান্দ্র করবে বলে তাঁকে বলতে দেখা যায় ওই ভিডিওতে। দু' লাখের দায়গায় এক লাখ টাকা কেন। সেই প্রানও উঠেছে।

স্বাভাবিকভাবেই রাজনৈতিক মহলে আরেকবার তোলপাড় শুরু

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এওঁছারা সকল জনসাধারণকে জানালে। ধাইতেছে যে, আমাদেন প্রস্তাবিত প্রকল্পটি মধাৰ পশ্চিমবজের পূর্ব মেদিনীপুম জেলায় হলনিয়া তেল লোধনাগায়টির প্রস্কানিত উৎশ কমতার সম্প্রদারণ ৭.৫ মিলিয়ন মোটু উৰৎসৰ থেকে ৮.০ দিলিয়ন মেট্ৰিকটন াতিবৎসর তবসহ ডিসিলেট ইল্ড ইমস্রভয়েন্ট প্ৰকল্প (DYIP) এবং ফিড গ্ৰন্থত ইউনিট (FPU) জগনের জন্য পরিবেশগত হাড়পত্রটি (ই.সি) পরিবেশ, ধন এবং জলবায়ু পরিবর্তন মন্ত্ৰক বিভাগ (MoEFCC), ভাৰত সমকায় চঠা মার্চ, ২০১৬ সালে মঞ্জুর কমেছেন (जनामित्मेन त्रारवाा: J-11011/299/2013-IA (I (I)) । শনিবেশগও ছাড়শত্রের অনুলিশি গশ্চিমৰ্বঙ্গ দূৰণ নিয়ন্ত্ৰণ পৰ্যনে পাওঁয়া যাৰে। শরিবেশ, বন এবং জলবায়ু পরিবর্তন মন্ত্রক বিভালোর ওয়েবসাইট http://envfor.nic.in ধেকে পরিবেশগত ছাড়গতের অনুলিশিও গিন্তরা যাবে ৷

ইন্ডিয়ান অয়েল কর্ণোরেলন লিমিটেড হলদিয়া রিফাইনারী, পোস্ট অফিস হলদিয়া

নারদ কাণ্ডে তৃণমূলকে বাঁচাতে প থেকেছে সিপিএম-কংগ্রেস: বিএনএ, খড়াপুর: নারদ ষ্টিং অপারেশনের তদন্ততার লোকসভার এষিকস কমিটির হাতে সরকারকে উৎখাত করার জন্য আমরা একই লড়ছি। নামে তণম রাজ্যসভায় মুকুল রায়কে কেন বাঁচানো হল এর তা শেষ ব

গেলেও রাজ্যসভায় তা এখনও যায়নি। এনিয়ে তৃণমূল-বিজেপি অশুভ আঁতাঁতের অভিযোগ তুলে সরব হয়েছে বিরোধীরা। যদিও, এই অভিযোগ উড়িয়ে রাজ্যসভায় সংখ্যা গরিষ্ঠতা না থাকাকেই ঢাল করতে চাইছে বিজেপি। সোমবার খঙ্গাপুরে সাংবাদিকদের এক প্রশ্নের উন্তরে বিজেপির কেন্দ্রীয় নেডা সিদ্ধার্থনাথ সিং বলেন, কংগ্রেস এবং বামপন্থীরা তৃণমূলকে বাঁচাচ্ছে। লোকসভায় আমাদের শক্তি আছে। আমরা স্টিং অপারেশন কাণ্ডের বিষয়টি ম্পিকারের মাধ্যমে এথিকস কমিটিতে তুলে দিয়েছি। কিন্তু, ব্রাজ্যসভায় কংগ্রেসের শক্তি আছে। আমাদের সংসদ সদস্য চন্দন মিত্র, প্রকাশ জান্ডেদেকর এথিকস কমিটি গড়ার জন্য রাজ্ঞাসভায় জোরালো সওয়াল করেছেন। কারণ algerated a support sta

জবাব সিপিএমকে দিতে হবে। উল্লেখ্য, আগামী ২৭ মার্চ নির্বাচনী প্রচারে খজাপুরের বিএনআর ময়দানে আসতে পারেন প্রধানমন্ত্রী নরেন্দ্র মোদি। সেকারণেই এদিন মাঠ

এখালেও বলেন, বদ্ধপরিকর কেন্দ্রীয় বা পরিদর্শনে এসেছিলেন বিজেপির ওই নেতা। মাঠের পরে :

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বিজেপির কৌথায় মঞ্চ বাঁধা হবে, কোথায় সাধারণ মানুষ থাকবেন, সংবাদ মাধ্যমকে কোথায় বসানো হবে, বিধায়কদে জল লৌচালয়ের ব্যবস্থা সহ নানা বিষয়ে খেজি নেন দলীয় কর্মীদের নির্দেশ দেন, 'জো ভি কর সাকতে হো বন্দ্যোপাধ্য জনাব দেবে করো। অ্যায়সা লাগনা চাইহে মমতাজিকা বিদায় দিন আ চক



iin – bas bajna chahiy

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